ATEN Help File LDAP Server Configuration Example

Introduction

The KVM Over the NETTM switch allows log in authentication and authorization through external programs. This chapter provides an example of how to configure Active Directory on Windows 2003 Server for a KVM Over the NETTM switch. Adapt the example to suit the requirements of your particular installation.

To allow authentication and authorization via LDAP or LDAPS, the Active Directory's LDAP *Schema* must be extended so that an extended attribute name for the KVM Over the NETTM switch – *iKVM4140-userProfile* – is added as an optional attribute to the *person* class.

You will have to complete the following procedures: 1) Install the Windows Server Support Tools; 2) Install the Active Directory Schema Snap-in; and 3) Extend and Update the Active Directory Schema.

Install the Windows 2003 Support Tools

To install the Windows 2003 Support Tools, do the following:

- 1. On your Windows Server CD, open the Support \rightarrow Tools folder.
- 2. In the right panel of the dialog box that comes up, double click **SupTools.msi**.
- 3. Follow along with the Installation Wizard to complete the procedure.

Install the Active Directory Schema Snap-in

To install the Active Directory Schema Snap-in, do the following:

- 1. Open a Command Prompt.
- 2. Key in: regsvr32 schmmgmt.dll to register schmmgmt.dll on your Active Directory computer.
- 3. Open the Start menu; click Run; key in: mmc /a; click OK.
- 4. On the *File* menu of the screen that appears, click **Add/Remove Snap-in**; then click **Add**.
- 5. Under *Available Standalone Snap-ins*, double click **Active Directory Schema**; click **Close**; click **OK**.
- 6. On the screen you are in, open the File menu and click Save.
- 7. For Save in, specify the C:\Windows\system32 directory.
- 8. For *File name*, key in **schmmgmt.msc**.
- 9. Click **Save** to complete the procedure.

Create a Start Menu Shortcut Entry

To create a shortcut entry on the Start Menu for the Active Directory Schema, do the following:

- Right click Start; select: Open all Users → Programs → Administrative Tools.
- 2. On the *File* menu, select $New \rightarrow Shortcut$
- 3. In the dialog box that comes up, browse to, or key in the path to schmmgmt.msc (C:\Windows\system32\schmmgmt.msc), then click Next.
- 4. In the dialog box that comes up, key in *Active Directory Schema* as the name for the shortcut, then click **Finish**.

Extend and Update the Active Directory Schema

To extend and update the Active Directory Schema, you must do the following 3 procedures: 1) create a new attribute; 2) extend the object class with the new attribute; and 3) edit the active directory users with the extended schema.

Creating a New Attribute

To create a new attribute do the following:

- From the Start menu, open Administrative Tools → Active Directory Schema.
- 2. In the left panel of the screen that comes up, right-click Attributes:

schmmgmt – [Console Root\Active Director Elle Action View Favorites Window	ory Schema [LDAP.aten.co Help	m]\Attributes]	_D×
⊨ → 🗈 🗷 🖉 🗟 😰 🖬			
Console Root	Name	Syntax	Status 🔺
- Schema [LDAP.aten.com]	accessPort	Unicode String	Active
Current Curren	accountExpires	Large Integer/Interval	Active
Attributes	accountNameHistory	Unicode String	Active
	aCSAggregateTokenR	Large Integer/Interval	Active
	aCSAllocableRSVPBan	Large Integer/Interval	Active
	aCSCacheTimeout	Integer	Active
	acsDirection	Integer	Active
	acspsbMDeadTime	Integer	Active
	acspsbMPriority	Integer	Active
	aCSDSBMRefresh	Integer	Active
	aCSEnableACSService	Boolean	Active
	aCSEnableRSVPAccou	Boolean	Active
	aCSEnableRSVPMessa	Boolean	Active
	aCSEventLogLevel	Integer	Active
	aCSIdentityName	Unicode String	Active
	aCSMaxAggregatePea	Large Integer/Interval	Active
	aCSMaxDurationPerFlow	Integer	Active
	acsMaximumSDUSize	Large Integer/Interval	Active
	aCSMaxNoOfAccountF	Integer	Active
	1		· · · · • •

- 3. Select New \rightarrow Attribute.
- 4. In the warning message that appears, click **Continue** to bring up the *Create New Attribute* dialog box.

5. Fill in the dialog box to match the entries for *Description* and *Common Name* shown below, then click **OK** to complete the procedure.

👂 i	<vm4140-userprofile< th=""></vm4140-userprofile<>
Description:	iKVM4140-userProfile
C <u>o</u> mmon Name:	iKVM4140-userProfile
X. <u>5</u> 00 OID:	1.3.6.1.4.1.21317.1.1.4.25
Syntax and Range	-
Syntax:	Unicode String
<u>M</u> inimum:	1
Ma <u>x</u> imum:	255
This attribute is sir	ngle-valued.
Allow this attribut Attribute is active Index this attribu Ambiguous Nam Beplicate this att Attribute is copie	e to be shown in advanced view is in the Active Directory Presolution (ANR) ribute to the Global Catalog d when duplicating a user is for containering a sarches in the Active Directory

Note: The Unique X500 Object ID uses periods, not commas.

Extending the Object Class With the New Attribute

To extend the object class with the new attribute, do the following:

- Open the Control Panel → Administrative Tools → Active Directory Schema.
- 2. In the left panel of the screen that comes up, select Classes.
- 3. In the right panel, right-click person:



4. Select **Properties**; the *person Properties* dialog box comes up with the *General* page displayed. Click the *Attributes* tab.

Description:	Person
Common Name:	Person
≚.500 OID:	2.5.6.6
Class <u>T</u> ype:	Type 88
Category	
person	Change

5. On the Attributes page, click Add:

General Relationship Attributes Default Security Person person Mandatory: Cn Optionat accessPort attributeCertificateAttribute seeAlso serialNumber sn telephoneNumber userPassword Add	rson Propertie	5	?
Person Mandatory: Optional: accessPort attributeCertificateAttribute seeAlso serialNumber in telephoneNumber userPassword	General Relatio	nship Attributes Default Security	
Mandatory: Cn accessPort attributeCertificateAttribute seeAso serialNumber sn telephoneNumber userPassword	∎ _l e	person	
©ptionat: accessPort attributeCertificateAttribute seeAtso serialNumber sn telephoneNumber userPassword	<u>M</u> andatory:	[m]	
	<u>O</u> ptionat	accessPort attributeCentificateAttribute serialNumber sn telephoneNumber userPassword	Add
OK Canad Aach			dareh.

6. In the list that comes up, select **iKVM4140-userProfile**, then click **OK** to complete the procedure.



Editing Active Directory Users

To edit Active Directory Users With the Extended Schema, do the following:

- 1. Run ADSI Edit. (Installed as part of the Support Tools.)
- 2. In the left panel, open **Domain**, and navigate to the *DC=aten*,*DC=com CN=Users* node.
- 3. In the right panel, locate the user you wish to edit. (Our example uses *jason*.)



4. Right-click on the user's name and select properties.

5. On the *Attribute Editor* page of the dialog box that appears, select **iKVM4140-userProfile** from the list.

 Show mandatory attribut Show optional attribut Show only attributes t Attributes: 	outes es hat have <u>v</u> alues		
Attribute	Cyntax	Value	
iKVM4140-userProfile	Unicode String	<not set=""></not>	
info Contraction	Unicode String	chlot Set	
initials	Unicode String	<not set=""></not>	1000
Instance Lype	Integer	4	
internationalISDNNu	Numerical String	<not set=""></not>	
IpPhone	Unicode String	<not set=""></not>	
IsCriticalSystemUbject	Boolean	<not set=""></not>	
isDeleted	Boolean	<not set=""></not>	
IsPrivilegeHolder	Distinguished	<not set=""></not>	
pegPhoto	Uctet String	<not set=""></not>	
	Unicode String	<not set=""></not>	
labeledUHI	Unicode String	<not set=""></not>	-
lasti∖nownParent	Distinguished	<not set=""></not>	+
And the second se			
Edit			

6. Click Edit to bring up the *String Attribute Editor*:

String Attribute Editor	×
<u>Attribute:</u> permission	
<u>V</u> alue:	
Knot set>	
<u>C</u> lear	OK Cancel

7. Key in the permission attribute values. For example:

tring Attribute Editor		
Attribute: iKVM4140-userProfile		
<u>V</u> alue:		
su/user		
<u>C</u> lear	ОК	Cancel

- Note: 1. Where *user* represents the Username of a KVM Over the NET[™] switch user whose permissions reflect the permissions you want Jason to have.
 - 2. Refer to the Access Rights table in the User Manual of your KVM Over the NET[™] switch model for further information about string attributes.
- 8. Click **OK**. When you return to the *Attribute Editor* page, the *iKVM4140-userProfile* entry now reflects the new permissions:

Show mandatory attrib	outes		
Show optional attribut	es		
Show only attributes t	hat have <u>v</u> alues		
Attributes:	_		
Attribute	Syntax	Value	
groupsTolgnore	Unicode String	<not set=""></not>	
homeDirectory	Unicode String	<not set=""></not>	
homeDrive	Unicode String	<not set=""></not>	
homePhone	Unicode String	<not set=""></not>	
homePostalAddress	Unicode String	<not set=""></not>	
houseldentifier	Unicode String	<not set=""></not>	
INVINIA 140-USEIFTUILE	Unicode String	surusei	
into	Unicode String	<not set=""></not>	
initials	Unicode String	(Not Set)	
instance lype	Integer	4	
international/SDNNu	Numerical String	<not set=""></not>	
IpPhone Oliver	Unicode String	<not set=""></not>	
IsCriticalSystemUbject	Boolean	<not set=""></not>	IN
Linda			
[

- a) Click **Apply** to save the change and complete the procedure. Jason now has the same permissions as *user*.
- b) Repeat the *Editing Active Directory Users* procedure for any other users you wish to add.

OpenLDAP

OpenLDAP is an Open source LDAP server designed for Unix platforms. A Windows version can be downloaded from:

```
http://download.bergmans.us/openldap/openldap-2.2.29/
openldap-2.2.29-db-4.3.29-openssl-0.9.8a-
win32_Setup.exe.
```

OpenLDAP Server Installation

After downloading the program, launch the installer, select your language, accept the license and choose the target installation directory. The default directory is: *c*:*Program Files\OpenLDAP*.

When the *Select Components* dialog box appears, select *install BDB-tools* and *install OpenLDAP-slapd as NT service*, as shown in the diagram, below:

🔁 Setup - OpenLDAP	
Select Components Which components should be installed?	B
Select the components you want to install; clear the components install. Click Next when you are ready to continue.	s you do not want to
Full installation	▼
 Install OpenLDAP openIdap-2.2.29 ☑ install BDB-tools ☑ install OpenLDAP-slapd as NT service ☑ install OpenLDAP-slurpd as NT service 	10.7 MB 0.3 MB
Current selection requires at least 11.4 MB of disk space.	
< <u>B</u> ack	Next > Cancel

OpenLDAP Server Configuration

The main OpenLDAP configuration file, *slapd.conf*, is found in the /OpenLdap directory. It has to be customized before launching the server. This section provides a quick summary of the modifications to the configuration file in order for it to be used with the KVM Over the NETTM switch, for a complete explanation of OpenLDAP, refer to the official OpenLDAP documentation.

The modifications to the configuration file will do the following:

- Specify the Unicode data directory. The default is ./ucdata.
- Choose the required LDAP schemas. The core schema is mandatory.
- Configure the path for the OpenLDAP *pid* and *args* start up files. The first contains the server pid, the second includes command line arguments.
- Choose the database type. The default is *bdb* (Berkeley DB).
- Specify the server suffix. All entries in the directory will have this suffix, which represents the root of the directory tree. For example, with suffix *dc=aten,dc=com*, the fully qualified name of all entries in the database will end with dc=aten,dc=com.
- Define the name of the administrator entry for the server (*rootdn*), along with its password (*rootpw*). This is the server's super user. The rootdn name must match the suffix defined above. (Since all entry names must end with the defined suffix, and the rootdn is an entry.)

An example configuration file is provided in the figure, below:



Starting the OpenLDAP Server

To start the OpenLDAP Server, run **slapd** (the OpenLDAP Server executable file) from the command line. slapd supports a number of command line options, the most important option is the **d** switch that triggers debug information. For example, a command of:

slapd -d 256

would start OpenLDAP with a debug level of 256, as shown in the following screenshot:



Note: For details about slapd options and their meanings, refer to the OpenLDAP documentation.

Customizing the OpenLDAP Schema

The schema that slapd uses may be extended to support additional syntaxes, matching rules, attribute types, and object classes.

In the case of the KVM Over the NETTM switch, the *User* class and the *permission* attribute are extended to define a new schema. The extended schema file used to authenticate and authorize users logging in to the KVM Over the NETTM switch is shown in the figure, below:

```
##
<del>##</del>
     Summary: Define the LDAP schema
##
<u>#</u>
#
 ATEN OID::={1.3.6.1.4.1.21317}
#
attributetype (1.3.6.1.4.1.21317.1.1.4.2.6
   NAME 'iKVM4140-userProfile'
   EOUALITY caseIgnoreMatch
   SUBSTR caseIgnoreSubstringsMatch
   SYNTAX 1.3.6.1.4.1.1466.115.121.1.15
   SINGLE-VALUE )
objectclass (1.3.6.1.4.1.21317.1.1.4.2
   NAME 'kn4140User'
   SUP organizationalPerson
   STRUCTURAL
   MAY (iKVM4140-userProfile $ userCertificate ))
```

LDAP DIT Design and LDIF File

LDAP Data Structure

An LDAP Directory stores information in a tree structure known as the Directory Information Tree (DIT). The nodes in the tree are directory entries, and each entry contains information in attribute-value form. An example of the LDAP directory tree for the KVM Over the NETTM switch is shown in the figure, below:



DIT Creation

The LDAP Data Interchange Format (LDIF) is used to represent LDAP entries in a simple text format (refer to RFC 2849). The figure below illustrates an LDIF file that creates the DIT for the KN4140 directory tree. The name of the file is *init.ldif* and you create it in the /OpenLDAP directory, as follows:

dn: dc=aten,dc=com objectclass: top objectclass: dcObject objectclass: organization o: Aten Canada dc: aten
dn: cn=ldapadmin,dc=aten,dc=com objectclass: top objectclass: person objectclass: organizationalPerson cn: ldapadmin sn: ldapamdin userPassword: password
dn: ou=software,dc=aten,dc=com objectclass: top objectclass: organizationalUnit ou: software
dn: cn=user001,ou=software,dc=aten,dc=com objectclass: top objectclass: person objectclass: organizationalPerson objectclass: kn4140user cn: user001 sn: user001 iKVM4140-userProfile: su/administrator userPassword: password

Using the New Schema

To use the new schema, do the following:

- 1. Save the new schema file (e.g., kn4140.schema) in the /OpenLDAP/schema/ directory.
- 2. Add the new schema to the *slapd.conf* file (in the /OpenLDAP directory), as shown in the figure, below:

```
ucdata-path
           ./ucdata
include
           /schema/core.schema
           ./schema/cosine.schema
include
include
           ./schema/inetorgperson.schema
           ./schema/openIdap.schema
include
           /schema/kn4140.schema
include
# Define global ACLs to disable default read access.
access to dn.children="ou=software.dc=aten.dc=com"
    by dn="cn=ldapadmin,dc=aten,dc=com" write
   by self read
    by anonymous auth
    by * none
pidfile
           ./run/slapd.pid
argsfile
           ./run/slapd.args
# BDB database definitions
database bdb
suffix
           "dc=aten,dc=com"
rootdn
           "cn=ldapadmin.dc=aten.dc=com"
rootpw
           password
directory /data
# Indices to maintain
       objectClass
index
                   eq
```

- 3. Restart the LDAP server.
- 4. Write the LDIF file and create the database entries in init.ldif with the *ldapadd* command, as shown in the following example:

```
ldapadd -f init.ldif -x -D "cn=ldapadmin,dc=aten,dc=com"
-w password
```